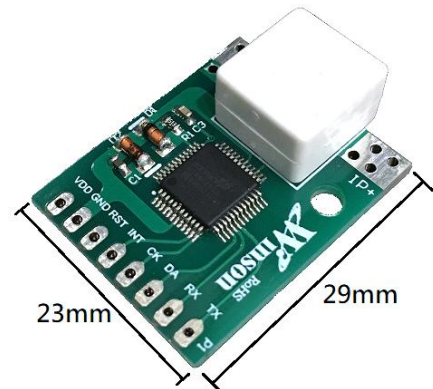


AC / DC Sensing Current Module with Digital Data output**Feature:**

- Accuracy optimization: ultra-high low-current sensitivity with 1% high-current linearity.
- Provides versatile measurement ranges with excellent resolution.
- Internal conductor resistance
- UART, Baud Rate : 9600 bps, Parity bit : None , Data bit : 8 , Stop bit : 1
- Supply voltage calibration
- Temperature calibration
- Isolation Voltage 1KV
- Application note: <http://www.winson.com.tw/Product/83>

**General Description:**

The Winson Semiconductor WCM27XX Series delivers high-efficiency, cost-effective AC/DC sensing for industrial and smart power systems. Integrating a high-precision ADC with a typical internal conductor resistance design. This extremely low resistance can effectively reduce power loss, operating temperature and increase the reliability greatly. The optimized structure also supports up to 1KV isolation protection for safer and more flexible system integration.

Its technical core features True RMS (50/60Hz) and DC sensing, with voltage and temperature compensation for stable output. High-precision digital calibration algorithm ensures milliamp-level error at small currents and 1% high-linearity accuracy for large currents.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

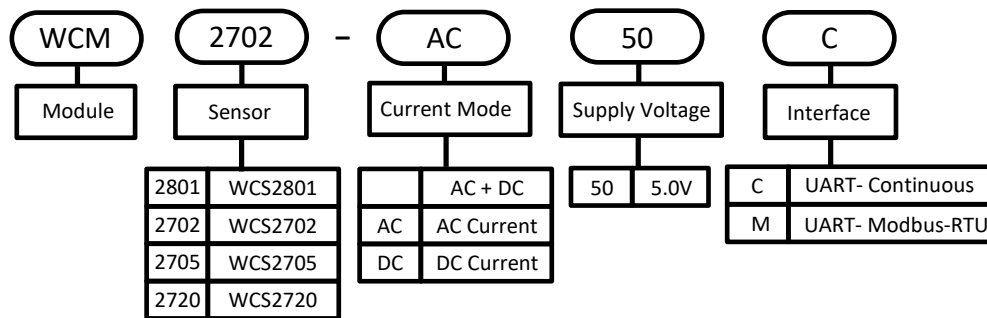


Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	6V
Pass Current (2801), I_P	2.5A
Pass Current (2702), I_P	2.5A
Pass Current (2705), I_P	8.0A
Pass Current (2720), I_P	60 A
Reverse Protection Voltage, V_R	-0.3V
Basic Isolation Voltage	4000V
Operating Temperature Range, T_A	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range, T_S	-50°C to +125°C

1.VDD 2.GND 3.RST 4.INT 5.CK 6.DA 7.RX 8.TX

Note:
1. Stresses above those listed may cause permanent damage to the devices

Selection Guide:



1. AC/DC current mode supports continuous transmission only (AC50C, DC50C).

• Measuring Range & Resolution

Model	AC Range	DC Range	Resolution
WCM2801	0.5A	±0.7A	0.6mA
WCM2702	1.2A	±1.7A	1.2mA
WCM2705	5A	±7A	4.6mA
WCM2720	20A	±25A	18mA

• Communication Format

Suffix Code	Measurement Type	Communication Format
AC50C	AC	Continuous ⁽¹⁾
DC50C	DC	Continuous ⁽¹⁾
50C	AC + DC	Continuous ⁽¹⁾
50M	AC + DC	MODBUS-RTU ⁽²⁾

1. Continuous: UART interface, external reset method (RST pull low to GND).

2. Modbus-RTU: UART interface, TX (Transmitter) / RX (Receiver), internal reset method.

Winson reserves the right to make changes to improve reliability or manufacturability.

Pad Description:

Pad No	Pad Name	I/O	Description
1	VDD	-	The positive power input pin
2	GND	-	The system ground
3	RST	I	The system reset
4	X	-	Reserve
5	X	-	
6	X	-	
7	RX	I	The data of measured current output. Its output is UART communication. The baud rate is 9.6K bits/sec.
8	TX	O	

Electrical Characteristics:
Common Operating Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	Operation Voltage	-	4.9	5	5.1	V
I _{DD}	Operation Current	-	-	8	10	mA
-	Conductor Through Hole	-	-	9	-	mm
T _{OP}	Operating Temperature	-	-20	-	70	°C

-WCM2801
T_{OP} = 25 °C, V_{DD} = 5.000V

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I _{OP}	DC Current Range	-	-700	-	+700	mA
	AC Current Range	-	0	-	500	mA
I _{RES}	Current Resolution	-	-	0.6	-	mA
E _{TOT}	Total Output Error	I _{OP} < 200mA	-	2	-	mA
		I _{OP} > 200mA	-	1	-	%
		Over full range of I _{op} T _{OP} =-20°C to 70°C	-	5	-	%

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WCM27XX

-WCM2702

$T_{OP} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.000\text{V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{OP}	DC Current Range	-	-1700	-	+1700	mA
	AC Current Range	-	0	-	1200	mA
I_{RES}	Current Resolution	-	-	1.2	-	mA
E_{TOT}	Total Output Error	$I_{OP} < 400\text{mA}$	-	4	-	mA
		$I_{OP} > 400\text{mA}$	-	1	-	%
		Over full range of I_{op} $T_{OP} = -20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	5	-	%

-WCM2705

$T_{OP} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.000\text{V}$

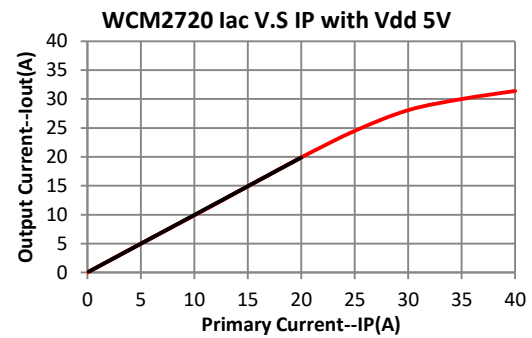
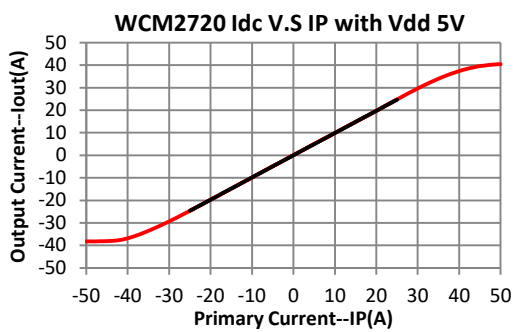
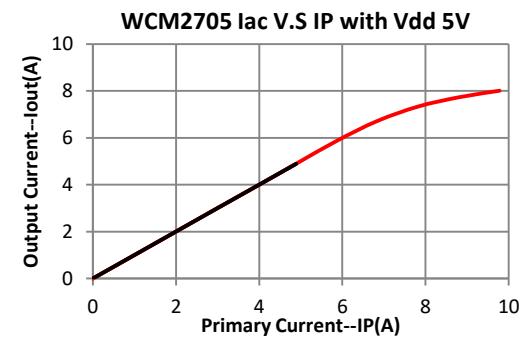
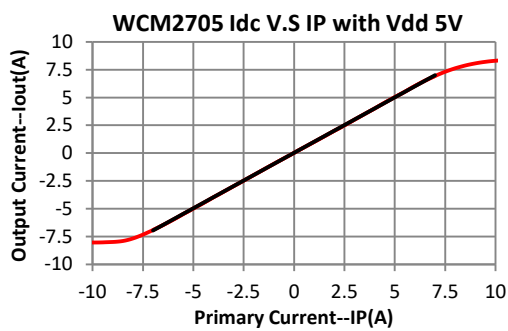
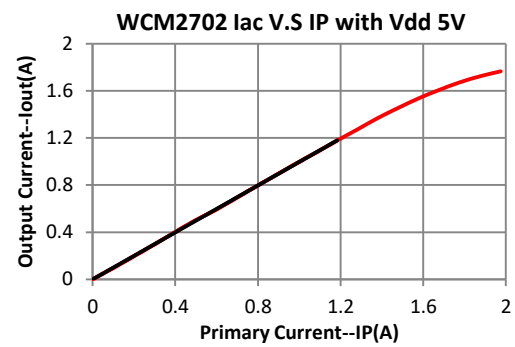
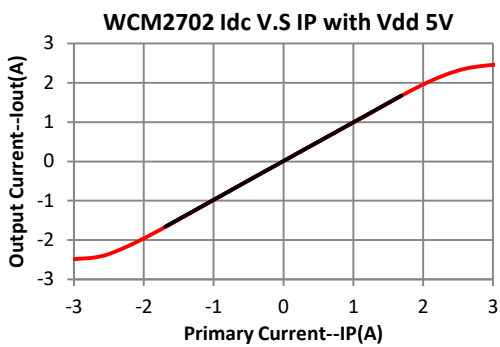
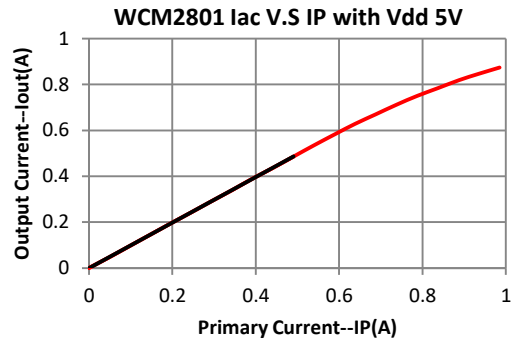
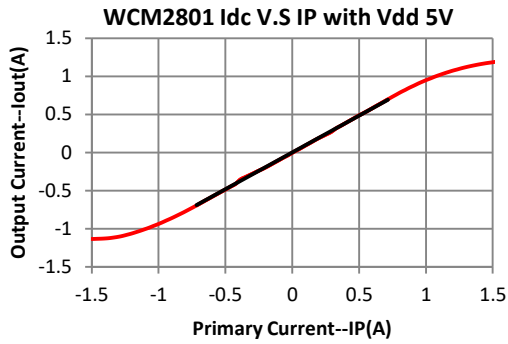
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{OP}	DC Current Range	-	-7	-	+7	A
	AC Current Range	-	0	-	5	A
I_{RES}	Current Resolution	-	-	4.6	-	mA
E_{TOT}	Total Output Error	$I_{OP} < 1.5\text{A}$	-	15	-	mA
		$I_{OP} > 1.5\text{A}$	-	1	-	%
		Over full range of I_{op} $T_{OP} = -20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	5	-	%

-WCM2720

$T_{OP} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.000\text{V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{OP}	DC Current Range	-	-25	-	+25	A
	AC Current Range	-	0	-	20	A
I_{RES}	Current Resolution	-	-	18	-	mA
E_{TOT}	Total Output Error	$I_{OP} < 6\text{A}$	-	60	-	mA
		$I_{OP} > 6\text{A}$	-	1	-	%
		Over full range of I_{op} $T_{OP} = -20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	5	-	%

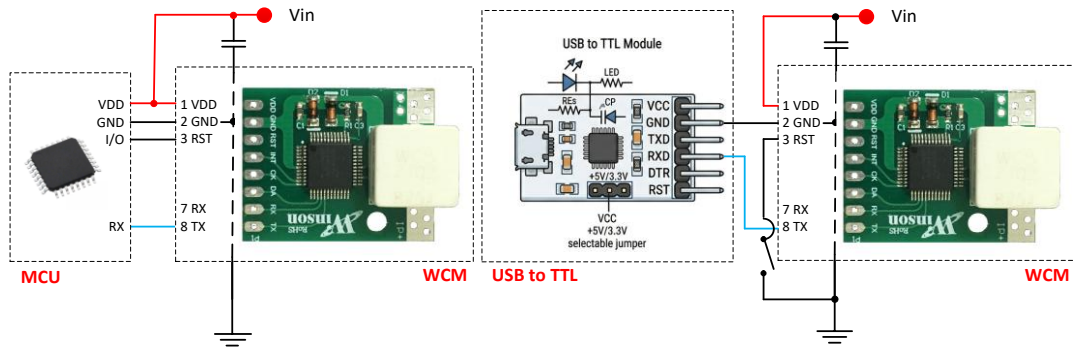
Winson reserves the right to make changes to improve reliability or manufacturability.



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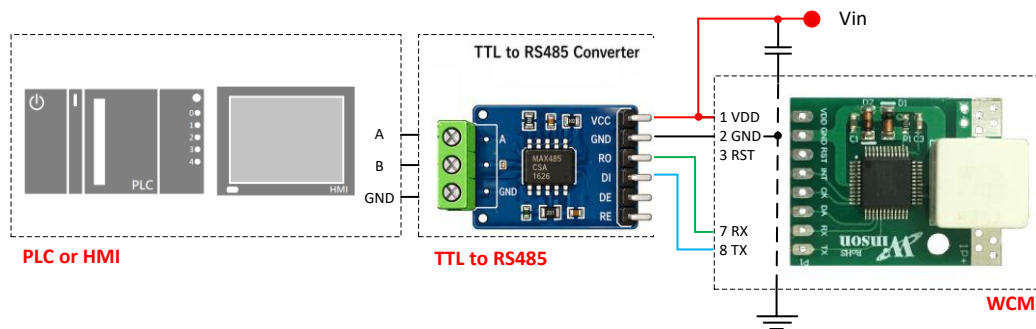
Application Note:

Application Diagram:

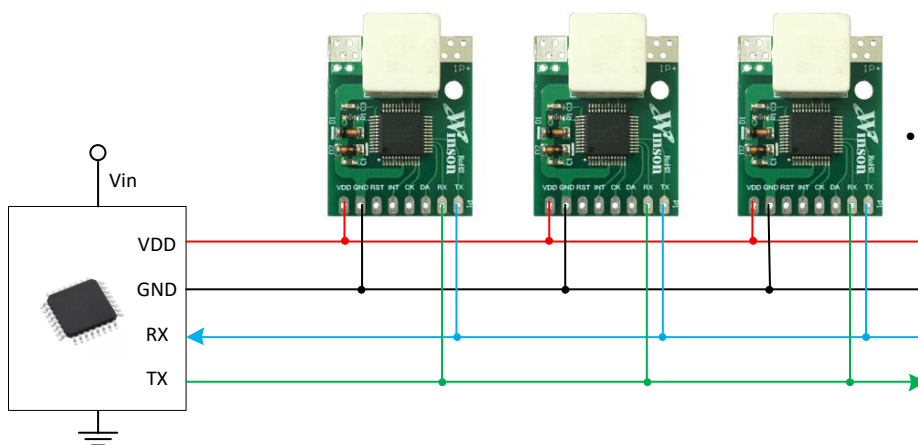


APP. 1. Output UART signal with MCU

APP. 2. Output UART signal with USB to TTL



APP. 3. Output UART signal with TTL to RS485



APP. 4. Modbus Connection

Winson reserves the right to make changes to improve reliability or manufacturability.

Output Format

1. Continuous Mode

For example description, please refer to the "Current Module Application Note:

Measured currents are continuously output via UART (ASCII) in fixed 8-byte frames: **[Sign] [5-digit Value] [CR] [LF]**

- **Sign Definition:**

~: Alternating Current (AC)

+: Positive Direct Current (DC+)

- : Negative Direct Current (DC-)

- **Numerical Format:**

Fixed 5-digit integer (excluding decimal point); padded with leading zeros if necessary.

Example: 1.23 A → 01230

Example: 10.76 A → 10760

- **Termination Codes:**

\r : Carriage Return

\n : Line Feed

- **Output Examples :**

AC 1.23 A → ~01230\r\n

AC 10.76 A → ~10760\r\n

DC+ 1.23 A → +01230\r\n

DC- 1.23 A → -01230\r\n

2. Modbus-RTU Mode

For example description, please refer to the "Current Module Application Note:

Transmission Format (Read & Write)

Slave Address	Function Code	Add. of Registers (High byte first)	No. of Registers (High byte first)	CRC16 (Low byte first)
1 Byte	1 Byte	2 Byte	2 Byte	2 Byte

Receive Format (Read)

Slave Address	Function Code	Byte Count	Data (High byte first)	CRC16 (Low byte first)
1 Byte	1 Byte	1 Byte	N x Byte	2 Byte

Receive Format (Write): Echoes the transmitted data format.

Receive Format: exception

Slave Address	Function Code	Exception Code	CRC16 (Low byte first)
1 Byte	1 Byte	1 Byte	2 Byte

Exceptions set the function code's MSB to 1 (0x80 + Function Code).

• Function Code

03H: Read up to 125 continuous memory words

06H: Write one memory word

• Exception Code

01H: Illegal function code

02H: Illegal data address

03H: Illegal data count

Modbus Parameter List

Item	Address	Byte	R/W	Description
Reset	0x0000	2	Write	Input 256 to Reset
Current	0x0002	4	Read	Hexadecimal signed (HEX), Unit:0.001A Current= HEX / 1000 (A)
Temperature	0x0004	4	Read	Hexadecimal signed (HEX), Unit:0.1°C Temperature= HEX / 10 (°C)
Slave Address	0x0010	2	Write	Default address: 1 Input address1~247
DC / AC	0x0020	2	Write	0: DC / 1: AC

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True RMS Current Measurement:

In order to calculate true RMS of AC current, you need to know “zero” value of AC current first. The “zero” value of symmetric AC current is the average value $V_o(dc)$ of the current shown in Figure 1.

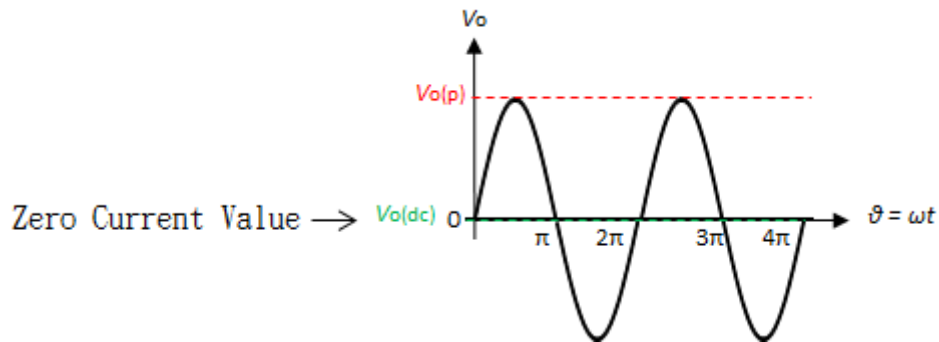


Figure 1 The zero current value of sine waveform

But in asymmetrical AC current, the “zero” value is not the average value $V_o(dc)$ of the current. Based on this “zero” value and do RMS calculation. You will get wrong answer.

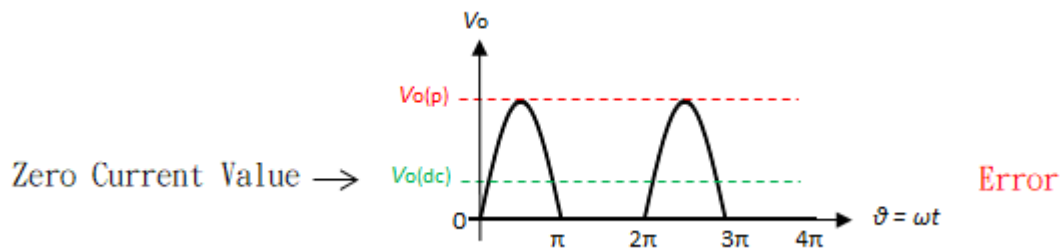


Figure 2 The zero current value of the asymmetric waveform (Error)

The WCM series offer a true RMS solution for both symmetric and asymmetric AC current. It can correctly detect “zero” current value, shown in Figure 3. and do perfect RMS calculation.

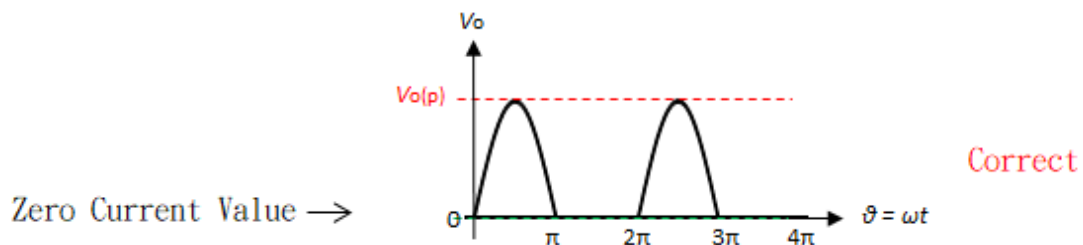


Figure 3 The zero current value of the asymmetric waveform (Correct)

