

Adjustable Current Switch Device

Features:

- Current switch, current measurement and on-site calibration
- Response time 10us
- High accuracy ±0.25A
- Wide sensing current range 0~60A
- Output "High" when V_{IP} > V_{set}
- Output "Low" when V_{IP} < V_{set}
- Diameter 9.0 mm conductor through hole
- Wide operating voltage range 3.0~12V
- Almost zero hysteresis
- 23K Hz Bandwidth
- Isolation voltage 4000V



Functional Description:

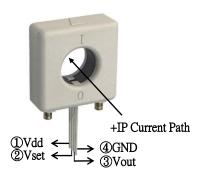
The Winson WCS2300 is designed for Current switching and Current measuring. As a switch,it can be adjusted the on/off spot by providing a reference voltage to the Vset pin. The output voltage (Vout) turns to high voltage level when the internal voltage (VIP) is greater than the reference voltage (Vset). In contrast, the output turns to the low level. As measuring, it provide a precise solution for both DC and AC current sensing in industrial. furthermore, it can be adjusted the reference voltage in measuring mode for switching mode use.

The WCS2300 consists of a precise, low-temperature drift linear hall sensor IC with temperature compensation circuit and a diameter 9.0 mm through hole. Any current flowing through this hole will generate a magnetic field which is sensed by the integrated Hall IC and converted into a proportional output voltage.

The terminals of the conductive path are electrically isolated from the sensor leads. This allows the WCS2300 current sensor to be used in applications requiring electrical isolation without the usage of opto-isolators or other costly isolation techniques.



WCS2300



Absolute Maximum Range

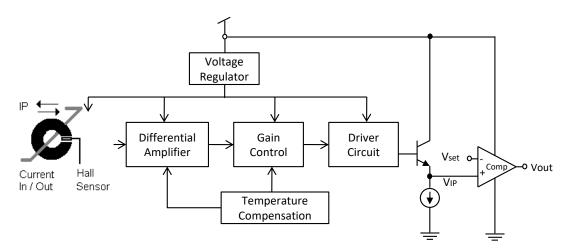
Supply Voltage, Vdd 14V
Pass Through Wire Diameter 9mm
Output Current Sink 50uA
Output Current Source 1.5mA
Basic Isolation Voltage 4000V
Operating Temperature Range, Ta
Storage Temperature Range, Ts
Power Dissipation, Pd1W

(Vdd = 5V)

Number	Name	Description
1	Vdd	Power supply terminal
2	Vset	Setup input terminal
3	Vout	Output voltage terminal
4	GND	Signal ground terminal

			,
Function	Current Range	Resolution	Sensitivity
Switch	DC:±0~60A	±0.25 A	
	DC:±0~60A		22 7//4
Linear	AC:rms 40A		32 mV/A

Function Block:



Functional Block Diagram



WCS2300

Electrical Characteristics: (

 $(T=+25^{\circ}C, V_{dd}=5.0V)$

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage	Vdd		3.0		12	V
Supply Current	Isupply	IP =0 A	_	3.5	6.0	mA
Conductor Through Hole		_	_	9.0	_	mm²

Switching Characteristics:

 $(T=+25^{\circ}C, V_{dd}=5.0V)$

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Voltage	V _H	Full Range	Vdd-0.2	_	_	V
	V _L		_	_	0.1	V
Resolution	IP Resolution	_	_	±0.25	_	Α
Adjustable Current Range	PR	DC Mode	_	±60	_	Α
Response Time (low to high level)	T_RP	With 7.5A overdrive C _{Load} = 15pF (1) (2) (3)	_	3.5	_	
		With 7.5A overdrive C _{Load} = 0.01uF ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾	_	25	_	uS
Response Time (high to low level)	I RP	With 7.5A overdrive C _{Load} = 15pF (1) (2) (3)	_	11	_	uS
		With 7.5A overdrive C _{Load} = 0.01uF ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾	_	125	_	
Rising Time	T _{RISE}	With 7.5A overdrive C _{Load} = 15pF (1) (2) (3)	_	0.5	_	uS
Fall Time	T _{FALL}	With 7.5A overdrive C _{Load} = 15pF (1) (2) (3)	_	0.7	_	uS

^{1.} C_{Load} includes probe and jig capacitance.

Linear Characteristics: (T=+25°C, V_{dd}=5.0V, V_{set} pin and V_{out} pin short)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Zero Current Vout	VIP	IP =0 A	2.35	2.5	2.65	V
Sensitivity	Sens	IP= +-10 A	27.2	32	36.8	mV/A
Bandwidth	BW	_	_	23	_	kHz
Measurable Current Range	MR	Vdd=5V (DC Mode)	_	±60	_	Α
	IVIIX	Vdd=5V (AC RMS)	_	40	_	A
Temperature Drift	riangle Vout	Ip =0 A	_	±0.5	_	mV/°C
Output Noise	V _{Np-p(0.01F)}	IP =0 A, C _{Load} = 0.01uF	_	12	_	mV
	V _{Np-p(0.1uF)}	IP =0 A, C _{Load} = 0.1uF	_	7	_	IIIV

^{1.} All output-voltage measurements are made with a voltmeter having an input impedance which is at least $100k\Omega$

Do not apply any 'resistor load' on output pin, it will degrade IC's performance.

^{2.} The response time is specified for a 15A(450mV) input step with 7.5A(225mV) overdrive.

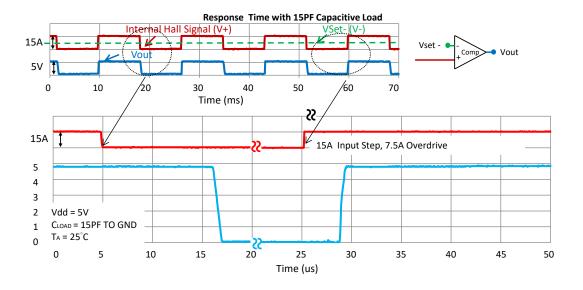
^{3.} Response time can refer to "characteristic Diagrams".

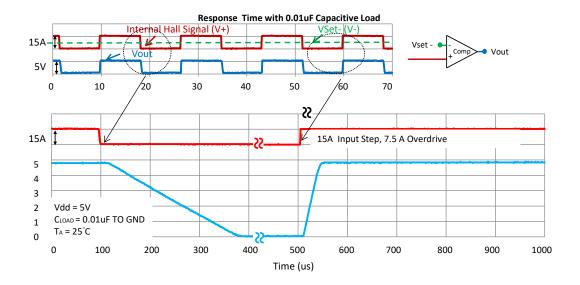
^{2.} Connect 'capacitive load' (0.01uF) in parallel at output pin.



Characteristic Diagrams:

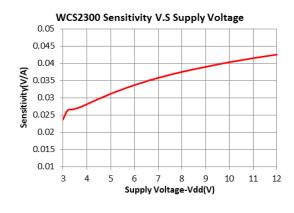
(1)Switch

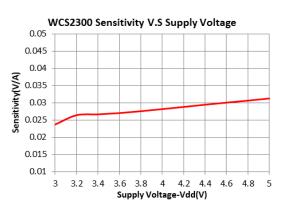


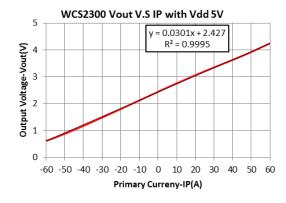


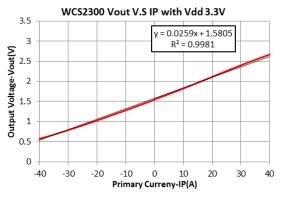


(2)Linear

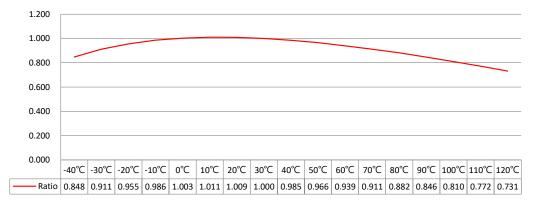






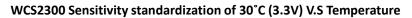


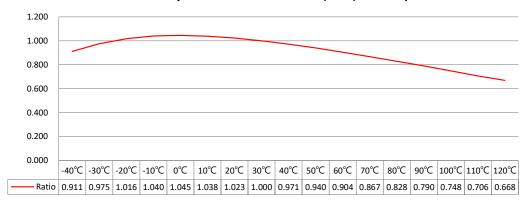
WCS2300 Sensitivity standardization of 30°C (5V) V.S Temperature





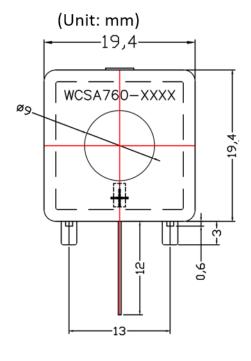
WCS2300

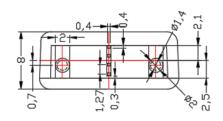


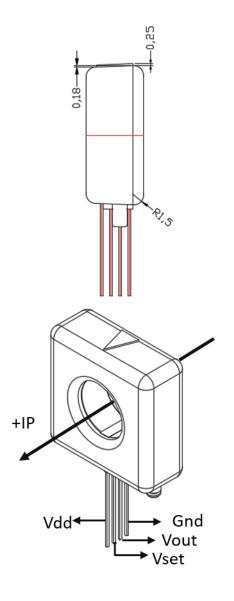




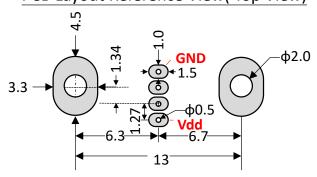
Package Information:







PCB Layout Reference View(Top View)





Application Circuit and Note:

(1)Current Switching - Direct Setting Method:

1.Supply Voltage : apply voltage V_{dd} ∘

2.Measure the Overcurrent Value : V_{set} pin and V_{out} pin are short-circuited, and output pin does not need to be connected to any load which is as shown in Fig.11. Users can set the IP overcurrent value by putting the target current which is flowing through this hole. Then, measure the output voltage (V_{out}) directly by a multimeter under DC mode and records this voltage.

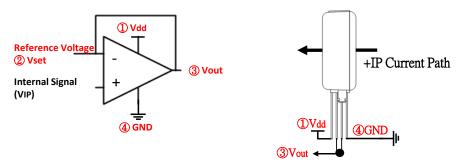


Fig. 1

3.Set the Overcurrent Value : V_{set} pin and V_{out} pin are open-circuited, which is shown in Fig.12. The V_{set} pin input the above-mentioned measured voltage value. The V_{IP} is an internal Hall sensing signal, which converts into a proportional voltage according to the IP current.

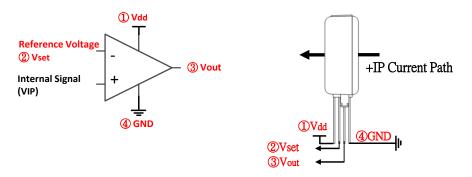


Fig. 2

4.Output: the output voltage levels will change according to the V_{set} voltage.

Output "High" when $V_{IP} > V_{set}$ Output "Low" when $V_{IP} < V_{set}$



(2) Current Switching - Formula Solution Method:

1. The Zero Current Value

1.1Measure the Zero Current Value V_{0A} : V_{set} pin and V_{out} pin are short-circuited, and output pin does not need to be connected to any load which is as shown in Fig.11. The output voltage (V_{out}) is directly measured by a multimeter under DC mode.

$$V_{\text{IP}} = V_{\text{OA}} = 2.5 \text{V}$$

2. The Overcurrent Value

2.1Set the Reference Voltage V_{set} : V_{set} pin and V_{out} pin are open-circuited, which is as shown in Fig.12. The V_{set} pin input voltage range is $0 \sim V_{\text{dd}}$.

3.2The Overcurrent Current Value \subseteq **Voltage** V_{set} :, WCS2300 sensitivity is about **32mV/A** under the supply voltage 5V.

$$(\Delta V = Current * Sensitivity)$$

Example 1: the overcurrent value is 10A

$$V_{\text{set}} = V_{10A} = (V_{0A} + \Delta V) = 2.5 + (10^*0.032) = 2.82V$$

Example 2: the overcurrent value is -10A

$$V_{\text{set}} = V_{\text{-10A}} = (V_{\text{0A}} - \Delta V) = 2.5 - (10^* 0.032) = 2.18V$$

Example 3: the overcurrent value is 20A

$$V_{\text{set}} = V_{20A} = (V_{0A} + \Delta V) = 2.5 + (20*0.032) = 3.14V$$

3. Output: the output voltage levels will change according to the V_{set} voltage.

(3) Current Measuring

- **1. Supply Voltage :** apply voltage V_{dd} •
- V_{set} pin and V_{out} pin are short-circuited, and output pin needs to be connected capacitive load to GND, recommend value is 0.01uF. As shown in Fig.13. (Internal circuit configuration of this device is used a comparator, the phase compensation capacitance for oscillation prevention is not included in the comparator. So users need to connect capacitive load in

parallel at output terminal if using in a negative feedback configuration.)

2. Measure the Zero Current Output Voltage V_{0A} (Internal Signal, V_{IP}):





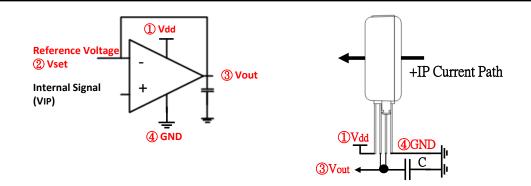


Fig. 3

3. Calibration : please refer to Winson Website-> Products->Application Notes-> WCS Application Note: http://www.winson.com.tw/Product/83